#### 2 各机构的故障及排除方法(表 6-2、表 6-3、表 6-4)

Problems and solutions of each structure (table 6-2, 6-3, 6-4)

# 表6—2桥式起重机各机构故障(起升机构各零部件故障)及排除方法

Table 6 –2 Failure (failure of each part of hoisting mechanism) and trouble–shooting of each mechanism

名称 name	故障及损坏情况 failure and damage condition	原因与后果 Reason and Result	排除方法 trouble-shooting Method
	吊钩表面出现疲劳性 裂纹 fatigue crack on hook surface	超载、超期使用、材质 缺陷 Overload, Overtime use, flaw of material	发现裂纹、更换 replace it if any crack found
锻造吊钩 Forged Hook	开口及危险断面磨损 wear of opening and dangerous section	严重时降低强度、易断钩,造成事故 Lessen the rigidity, or it is easy to cause hook break and accident	磨损量超过危险断面 5%更换 replace hook when the abrasion over 5% of dangerous section
	开口部位和弯曲部位 发生塑性变形 Crack and wending parts have plastic deformation	长期过载,疲劳所致 Caused by Long time overload and fatigue.	立即更换 Replace immediately

	吊钩变形 distortion of hook 表面有疲劳裂纹 surface has fatigue crack	长期过载、容易断钩 Long time overload, and it is easy to cause hook break; 超期、超载、吊钩损坏 Overtime, overload and hook damage	换新 replace  换新 replace
叠片式吊 钩(板钩) Laminat- ed hook	销轴磨损量超过公称直径的3%—5%; the abrasion of pin shaft is more than 3%-5% of nominal diameter	吊钩脱落 Hook fall off	换新 replace
	耳环有裂纹或毛刺; earring has crack or burr	耳环断裂 earring breakage	换新 replace
	耳环衬套磨损量达原厚的 5% the abrasion of earring's lining reaches 5% of original thickness	受力情况不良 bad forced condition	换新 replace
钢丝绳 wire rope	断丝、断股、打结、磨损 Breakage,knotting, abrasion	导致突然断绳 Cause to breakage of rope	断股、打结停止使用 断丝,按标准更换 磨损,按标准更换 Stop to use it when wire rope break and knot; replace according to standard when thread break, and replace the wire rope according to standard when it have abrasion

	滑轮绳槽磨损不匀 Uneven abrasion of block's groove	材质不均匀、安装不合要求,绳和轮接触不良material asymmetry, badinstallation and bad connection of rope and wheel	轮槽壁磨损量达原厚度的 1/5, 径向磨损量达绳径的 1/2 时应更换 replace it when abrasion of groove's wall reaches 1/5 of previous thickness, and gauge ware reaches 1/2 of wire rope diameter
滑轮 pulley	滑轮转不动 pulley can not rotate	轴损坏或轴承损坏 shaft damage and bearing damage	更换轴和轴承并加强润滑,检修 replace the shaft and bearing and then lubricate and maintain them
	滑轮倾斜、松动 pulley incline or loose	轴上定位件松动,或钢丝 绳跳槽 keeper of shaft loose or wire rope hop out of groove	紧固轴上定位件,对钢丝 绳跳槽进行检修; Fasten the keeper and repair the wire rope's hopping
	滑轮裂纹或轮缘断裂。 crack of pulley or break of wheel flange	滑轮损坏。 pulley damage	更换。 replace
	卷筒疲劳裂纹;	卷筒破裂;	更换卷筒;
	Drum has fatigue crack	break of drum	replace drum
卷筒	卷筒轴、键磨损 abrasion of drum's shaft and key	轴被剪断,导致重物坠落 break of shaft and cause the load fall off。	停止使用,立即对轴键等 检修 stop using and inspect the shaft key immediately
drum	卷筒绳槽磨损和绳跳槽,磨损量达原壁厚的 15%~20%。 Groove abrasion and rope hopping. The abrasion reaches 15%—20% of the original thickness	卷筒强度削弱,容易断裂; 钢丝绳缠绕混乱。 The rigidity of drum becomes weaker and easy to break. And wire rope is twisted	更换卷筒。 replace the drum

	齿轮轮齿折断 Gear teeth break	运转中有异常声响,继续使用损坏传动机构 abnormal noise during operation, if continue to	更换新齿轮; replace the new gear
	齿轮磨损达原齿厚的 15%—20%; Abrasion of gear reaches the 15%-20% of the original teeth thickness		更换新齿轮 replace the new gear
齿轮 gear	齿轮裂纹 因"键滚"使齿轮键槽损 坏; Gear crack, gear key groove damaged by rolling of key.	运转中有振动和异常声响,是超期使用,安装不正确所致齿轮损坏,使吊重坠落 Vibration and noise caused by overtime use and improper installation, which make load fall off	对起升机构应作更换,对运作机构等作修补或新加工键槽修复replace lifting mechanism, for traveling mechanism, repair or renew the key
	齿面剥落面占全部工作面积的 30%,及剥落深度达齿厚的 10%;渗碳层磨损80%深度。Flack section reaches 30% of the working area. And the depth reaches 10% of the teeth thickness; Carburized layer abrasion reaches 80% of the teeth thickness.	超期使用,热处理质量问题 overtime use,Bad material, improper heat treatment cause the damage of shaft.	更换:圆周速度>8m/s的 减速器的高速级齿轮磨损 时应成对更换。 replace: for the reducer with peripheral speed > 8m/s, when there is some abrasion, replace pairs of high speed gear of reducer

	裂纹 crack	材质差,热处理不当,导致 损坏轴 Bad material, improper heat treatment cause the damage of shaft.	更换 replace
轴 shaft	轴弯曲超过0.5mm/m Bending of shaft is more than 0.5mm/m	导致轴颈磨损,影响传动, 产生振动 cause damage of shaft neck and influence the transmission and cause vibration	更换或矫正 Change or rectify
	键槽损坏 damage of key groove	不能传递扭矩 unable to transmit torsion	起升机构应作更换,运行 机构等可修复使用 for lifting mechanism, replace them, for traveling mechanism, repair them
<i>t-t</i>	踏面和轮辐轮盘疲劳裂纹 wheel tread and wheel flange have fatigue crack	车轮损坏; Damage of wheel	更换 replace
车轮 wheel	主动车轮踏面磨损不均匀; Uneven abrasion of drive wheel tread	导致车轮啃轨,车体倾斜 和运 leads to rail gnawing tilt of crane	成对更换 replace in pairs

	踏面磨损达轮圈厚度的 15% Abrasion of tread reaches 15% of wheel flange thickness	行时产生振动;车轮损坏 vibration when traveling; damage of wheel	更换 replace
	轮缘磨损达原厚度 的 50% Wheel flange abrasion reaches 50% of the original thickness.	由车体倾斜、车轮啃轨所 致,容易脱轨 Due to the crane tilt and rail gnawing and cause derailment	更换 replace
	拉杆上有疲劳裂纹 Fatigue crack on lever	制动器失灵 brake fails to work	更换 replace
	弹簧上有疲劳裂纹 Fatigue crack on spring	制动器失灵 brake fails to work	更换 replace
制动器零件 brake part	小轴、心轴磨损量达公称 直径的 3% ~ 5% The abrasion of minor shaft and mandrel reaches 3%-5% of the nominal diameter	抱不住闸 Fails to brake	更换 replace
	制动轮磨损量达原轮缘厚度的40%~50% the abrasion of brake wheel reaches 40%~50% of the original wheel flange thickness	吊重下滑或溜车 load fall off or crane slide	更换 replace

	T		
	制动瓦摩擦片磨损达		
	2mm或者达原厚度的		
	50% °	制动器失灵	更换摩擦片
	Brake shoe friction shim	bad break	replace friction shim
	wear 2mm, or to 50% of		
	primary thickness		
	联轴器内有裂纹;	联轴器损坏	更换
	crack on coupling	damage of coupling	replace
	连接螺栓有松动 loose in connection bolts	起制动时产生冲击与振动、螺栓剪断、起升机构中则易发生吊重坠落 Impact and vibration duiring braking/starting will cause bolts reakage and falling of load	拧紧 Tightened
联轴器 Coupling	齿形联轴器齿轮磨损或折断 Abrasion or breakage of coupling gear	缺少润滑、工作繁重、打反 车所致联轴器损坏 Lack of lubrication, heavy workload, start oppositely will lead to damage of coupling	对起升机构,轮齿磨损达原厚 15%即应更换。对运行机构,轮齿磨损量达原 齿厚的 30%时更换; For the lifting mechanism, when the abrasion of gear teeth reaches 15% the original thickness, replace it, and for the traveling mechanism, when the abrasion of gear teeth reaches 30% the original thickness, replace it

	键槽压溃与变形; Press or deformation of key groove	脱键、不能传递扭矩 cannot transmit the moment of torsion key falls off	对起升机构应更换,对其他 机构修复使用; for lifting mechanism, replace them, for other mechanisms, repair them
	磨损。	启、制动时发生强烈的冲击与振动 heavy impact and vibration when starting or braking	更换已磨损件。 Replace worn parts
	温度过高 Temperature is too high	润滑油污垢 lubricating oil dirt  完全缺油 Completely lack of oil	清除污垢,更换轴承 clean dirt, replace bearing 按规定加注润滑油 add lubrication oil as required
滚动 轴承 rolling bearing	异常声响(继续哑音) abnormal noise (Continue to dead sound)	油过多 Too much oil 轴承污脏 dirty bearing	检查润滑油数量 check the quantity of labricantion 清除污脏 clean dirty
	金属研磨声响 metal grinding noise	缺油 lack of oil	加油 add oil
	锉齿声或冲击声 topping or impact sound	轴承保持架、滚动体损坏 Damage of coupling support, rolling body	更换轴承 Replace bearing

### 通用桥式起重机说明书

		轴承偏斜或压得过紧 incline of bearing and press too tight	消除偏斜,合理紧固 Eliminate deflection, tighten reasonablely
滑动轴承	过渡发热	间隙不当 improper clearance	调整间隙 adjust clearance
sliding bearing	over heating	润滑剂不足 lack of lubrication	加润滑油 add lubrication
		润滑剂质量不合格 bad lubricants	换合格的油剂 use good and qualified lubrication

### 表 6-3 桥式起重机故障及排除(起升机构部件部分)

Table 6–3 Fault and troubleshooting(lifting mechanism part)

故障名称	name	故障原因 cause	排除方法 Solutions
制 动 器 brake	不能闸住制动轮 (重物下滑) fail to lock break wheel(load fall down)	杠杆的铰链被卡住 Hinges of leverage is stuck 制动轮和摩擦片上有油污 oil on the brake wheel and friction shim 电磁铁芯没有足够的行程 lack of travel distance of magnet iron core 制动轮或摩擦片有严重磨损	调整制动器
		Brake wheel and friction shim have heavy abrasive wear	replace friction shim

		主弹簧松动和损坏	更换主弹簧或锁紧螺母
		main spring loose or damage	replace main spring and nut
		锁紧螺母松动、拉杆松动	紧固锁紧螺母
		Lock nut and lever loose	Fasten lock nut
		液压推杆制动器叶轮旋转不 灵	检修推动机构电气部分
		Hydraulic thruster impeller not work	Check electrical part of thruster
		电磁铁线圈烧毁	更换
		Magnetic wire burn down	Replace
		通往电磁铁导线断开	接好线
		Disconnection of wire to	Connect the wire
		magnetic conductor	
		摩擦片粘连在制动轮上	用煤油清洗
		Shoe block on on braking	Clean with kerosene
		wheel	
		活动铰被卡住	消除卡住现象、润滑
	制动器不松闸	Gemel stuck	Eliminate the lock and
	Brake fails to release		lubricate it.
		主弹簧力过大或配置太重	NET date. N and forther I
		Main spring force is too large	调整主弹簧力
		or configuration is too heavy	Adjust the main spring
		制动器顶杆弯曲,推不动电磁	顶杆调直或更换顶杆
		铁(在液压推杆制动器上)	Straighten the mandril or
		Push bar inflected, can not	change the mandril
		move the magnetic iron	
		(hydraulic push bar break)	
		y and product of the	

ding to 至电器部 check
eheck
eheck
,排除故
ason of
eliminate
į
spring
opring
画
of brake
ents

	制动器容易离开调整位置,制动力矩不够稳定 The brake is easy to deviate from the adjusted position. And the breaking torque is not steady	调节背紧螺母没有拧紧;螺纹 损坏 Fasten nut is loose. Screw thread damage	拧紧螺母;更换 Fasten nut; Replace it.
	电磁铁发热或有响 声	主弹簧力过大 Main spring is over pressed	调整至合适大小 Adjust to proper extent
	Magnetic overheat or abnormal noise	杠杆系统被卡住 Push bar is blocked	消除卡住原因、润滑 Eliminate the block and make lubrication
		衔铁与铁芯贴合位置不正确 Wrong position of iron core and mandrel	刮平贴合画 Leveling fitting surfaces
减速器 reducer	有周期性齿轮颤动 现象,从动轮特别明 显 phenomenon of perio- dic cyclical gear vib- ration, especially for the driven wheel	节距离误差过大,齿侧间隙超差 Section distance error, gear side clearance beyond tolerance	修理、重新安装 Repair, re–install
	剧烈的金属摩擦声,	传动齿轮侧隙过小,两个齿轮 轴不平行、	修正、重新安装 adjust,re-install

	减速器振动,机壳叮	齿轮有尖锐的刃边	
		Gear backlash that is too	
	Severe metal friction	small, gear axes are not	
	sound, reducer shake,	parallel, gear has sharp edges	
	shell tinkers.		
	齿轮啮合时,有不均		更换齿轮
	匀的敲击声,机壳振	陷、轮齿不是沿全齿面接触,	replace gear
	动	而是在一角上接触	
	gear meshing,	teeth surface is not flat, teeth	
	irregular rattle,	with flaws, gear contact	
	shell shake.	surface are not completely	
		clench, but contact on one	
		angle	
	壳体,特别是安装轴	轴承破碎	更换轴承
	承处发热	bearing damage	replace bearing
	shell heating especially the place where bearing		T 拉 灿 柔
		轴颈卡住 	更换轴承
		bearing neck is stunk	replace bearing
	installed	轮齿磨损	更换齿轮
		bearing wear	replace gear
		缺少润滑油	更换润滑油。
		lack of lubrication oil	Replace lubrication oil
		密封失效	更换密封件
		seal failure	replace sealing parts
	剖分面漏油 oil leakage of subdivision surfaces		
			检修箱体剖分面,变形严重
		shell deformation	则更换
			check Subdivision surfaces,
			replace it when heavy
			damaged
			剖分面铲平
		Subdivision surfaces not flat	Subdivision surface levelled
		- and in the list list	Sasarrision sando novemou

		连接螺栓松动 Connection bolt loose	清理回油槽,紧固螺栓 Clear the return chute, and fasten the nuts
	减速器在底座上振 动 reducer shake on base	地脚螺栓松动 Anchor bolt is loose	调整地脚螺栓 adjust anchor bolt
		与各部件连接轴线不同心 shaft center lines are not match	对线调整 Diagonal line adjustment
		底座刚性差 base rigidity is not enough	加固底座,增加刚性 reinforce base and increase rigidity
	减速器整体发热 Heating of reducer	润滑油过多 Too much oil	调整油量 Adjust oil level
''' '	钢丝绳迅速磨损或 经常损坏 Wire rope abrasion and damage	滑轮和卷简直径太小 Diameter of pulley and drum are too small	更换挠性更好的钢丝绳,或加大滑轮或卷筒的直径 change wire rope with better flexibility, increase the diameter of pulley and drum
		卷筒上绳槽尺寸绳径不相匹配,太小The wire rope diemension does not match with the groove of drum, it is too small	更换起吊能力相等,但直径较细的钢丝绳,或更换滑轮及卷筒; Use thinner wire rope of same capacity, or change sheaves and drum
		有脏物,缺润滑 dirty and lack of oil	清除、润滑 Clean and lubricate

## 通用桥式起重机说明书

	起升限位挡板安装不正确,经常 磨绳 False installation of lifting baffle and cause rope abrasion frequently	调整 Adjust
	滑轮槽底或轮缘不光滑,有缺陷	
	Pulley groove and wheel edge	
	not smooth, and have defects	
个别滑轮不转动	轴承中缺油、布污垢和锈蚀	润滑、清洗
some pulleys cannot	Bearing lacks of oil; dirt and	lubricate, clean
rotate	corrosion in bearing	